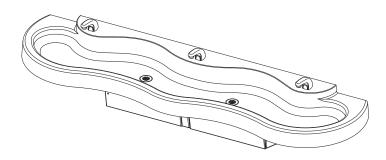


## **WAW-2333**



## **WAW-2333-DMF**



#### Willoughby Industries, Inc.

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# Installation & Operation Manual

# WAW-2333 Series WAW-2333-DMF Series

# AquaWave® Three Station Lavatory System

Pre-Installation Information	2
Physical / Rough-in Dimensions	3
Required Installation Supplies	6
Parts List	7
Hardware Identification	8
Installation Instructions	
Step 1: Pedestal Mounting	9
Step 2: Pedestal Preparation	10
Step 3: Drain Assemblies	11
Step 4: Closure Panel Mounting	12
Step 5: Actuator Head Assembly Mounting	13
Step 6: Basin Mounting	14
Step 7A: Connections for Infrared/Piezo	
Actuators	
Step 7B: Connections for Pneumatic Actuato	
Step 8: Final Assembly	
JACO Fitting Instruction	
Adjustable Mixing Valve Installation	
Infrared Sensor Installation Instructions	
Pneumatic Valve Operation Details	
Liquid Soap Specification and Maintenance	
Care and Maintenance	
Troubleshooting	
Infrared Sensors	
Electronic Valves	
Pneumatic Valves	
Drawings	
Valve Details	
Miscellaneous Details	
Warranty	36



## Pre-Installation Information

# Installation notice!

Check Rough-In location **PRIOR** to installation

Flush lines thoroughly **PRIOR** to hook-up

When installing the **Willoughby Industries' WAW-2333 Series** lavatory system:

Before Step 1 of the installation instructions, ensure that rough-ins are in the correct location.

The valve assembly, including the spray head, **MUST NOT BE** connected until *after* all lines have been flushed to remove the small particles of debris that are inherent with new construction projects and all chemicals that are used in flushing are purged from the system.

Chemicals used in flushing plumbing systems can attack the internal components of the valve and spray head and severely damage them, so any flushing of the system must be followed by a full flushing with pure water to clear any harsh chemicals remaining in the system. Debris in the system if allowed to enter the valve assembly and spray head can cause poor performance or outright failure.

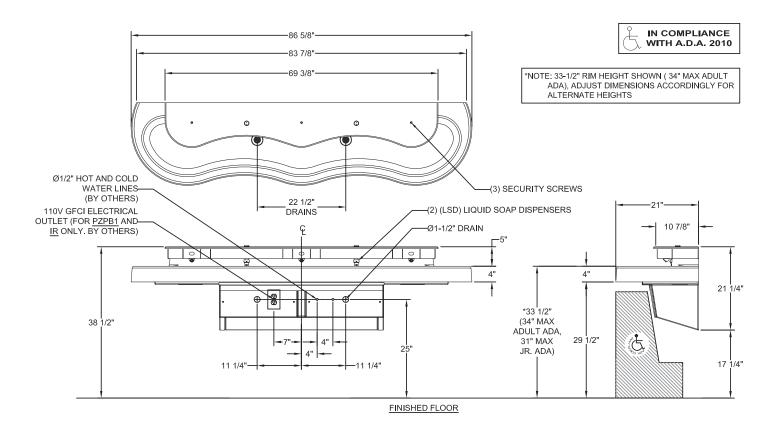
Again **DO NOT** attempt to connect the valve assembly and spray head until *after* all flushing is complete and pure water is the only media that will be passing through the system. Damage to the valve assembly or spray head caused by harsh chemicals or debris will not be covered by the manufacturer's warranty.

# Installation notice!

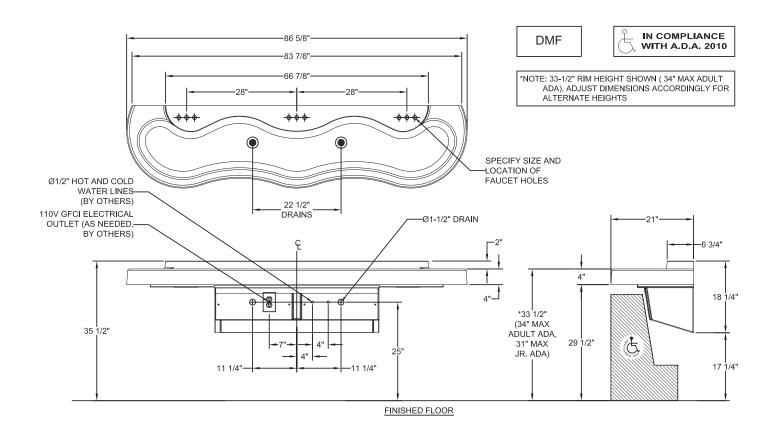
Check Rough-In location **PRIOR** to installation

Flush lines thoroughly **PRIOR** to hook-up

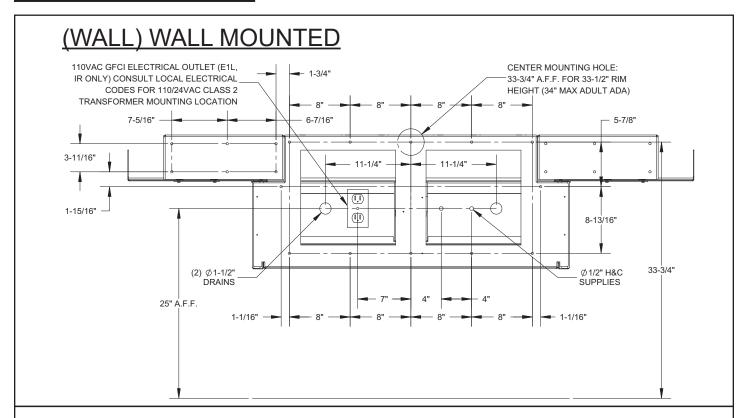
# Physical / Rough-in Dimensions- WAW-2333



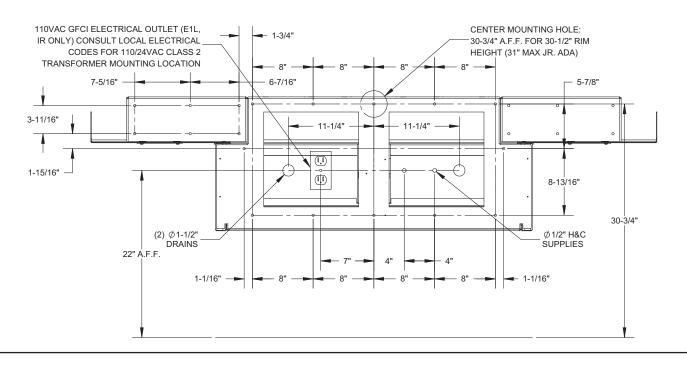
# Physical / Rough-in Dimensions-WAW-2333-DMF



# Rough-in Detail Drawing- WAW-2333/ WAW-2333-DMF



## (JR) JUNIOR HEIGHT, WALL MOUNTED



## Required Installation Supplies

- · Proper mounting hardware
- Hardware for waste outlet connections
- Gasket for waste outlet connection
- Shims (for installation if necessary)
- Supply piping
- Silicone caulk
- Plumbers putty

□ WARNING: Willoughby Industries does not assume any responsibility for personal injury or damage to equipment due to an improperly installed WAW-2333 Series lavatory system.

## **Parts List**

		1
DESCRIPTION	PART#s FOR	PART#s FOR
	WAW-2333	WAW-2333-DMF
SOLID SURFACE BASIN	800221C-XX*	800221C-XX*
SOLID SURFACE TOP COVER	800223C-XX*	N/A
FRONT PANELS	801224-XX*	801224-XX*
DRAIN ASSEMBLY	380281	380281
ACTUATOR HEAD ASSEMBLY	CALL FACTORY	N/A
ELECTRONIC VALVE ASSEMBLY	803105-3EW	NI/A
PNEUMATIC VALVE ASSEMBLY	803105-3PW	N/A
PEDESTAL	CALL FACTORY	CALL FACTORY
LEFT WING EXTENSION	800263	800263
RIGHT WING EXTENSION	800264	800264
LEFT SIDE CLOSURE PANEL	800254	800254
RIGHT SIDE CLOSURE PANEL	800255	800255
POWER SUPPLY ASSEMBLY	700156-3	N/A
HARDWARE KIT	801256	801256
SOAP DISPENSER (LSD)	LSD-WAV-C (2)	800822
INFRARED SENSOR	700150	N/A
PNEUMATIC PUSH BUTTON	600307	N/A
0.5 GPM SPRAY HEAD	320157A	N/A

#### \*XX REPRESENTS THE WASH FOUNTAIN COLOR

WHITE GRANITE=WG SAND STONE=SS GRAY GRANITE=GG BLACK GRANITE=BG SEA GREEN=SG NOCTURNAL BLUE=NB RED CORAL=RC GLACIER WHITE=GE BONE=B

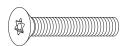
# **Hardware Identification**

## P/N 801256 Hardware Kit





1/4-20 x 1 1/2" SECURITY SCREW 800125



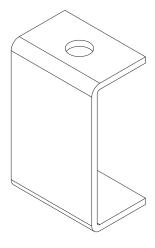
1/4-20 x 1 1/2" SECURITY SCREW (FLAT HEAD) 800127



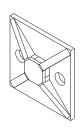
1/4-20 x 1" SECURITY SCREW 800114



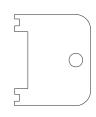
1/4-20 x 1/2" SECURITY SCREW 4500NSS



MOUNTING CLIP 800257



4 WAY WIRE TIE BASE 701206



SECURITY SPANNER TOOL 800116





1/4-20 TINNERMAN NUT 800113



1/4-20 x WING NUT 800119



TT30 PINNED TORX BIT



TT27
PINNED TORX BIT

## **Installation Instructions**

## Step 1: Pedestal Mounting

#### Parts supplied:

• Pedestal assembly (pre-assembled) and wing extensions (WAW-2333 specific)

Note: Hardware for wall and/or floor anchoring by others.

Note: Use anchors that are adequate for the type of wall: drywall, concrete, metal studs, wood studs, etc.

Note: Refer to Template / Rough-in Detail Drawing for backplate mounting hole locations.

- 1.) Unpack the pedestal and inspect all parts. Remove the front panels from the pedestal using a TT-27 security bit (provided)
- 2.) Remove the wing extensions and closure panels (wire tied to the pedestal for shipping). Mount the wing extensions to the sides of the pedestal using (4) 1/2" screws and tinnerman nuts.
- 3.) Locate the included mounting template (if available). Check rough-ins, ensure that intended fixture placement is correct, and mark the pedestal backplate center mounting hole (at 33-3/4" AFF for 33-1/2" adult ADA rim height; 30-3/4" AFF for 30-1/2" JR. ADA rim height) using the mounting template / Rough-in Detail Drawing.

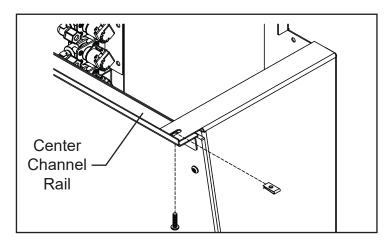
  Make sure that the intended anchor locations will provide adequate backing to support the installed lavatory. If adequate backing does not exist, install appropriate support backing or relocate unit before proceeding with installation (backing provided by others).
- 4.) Using the center mark, install appropriate anchor hardware for the center mounting hole (anchors by others).
- 5.) With assistance, lift the pedestal assembly and mount the pedestal on the wall through the backplate's center mounting hole. DO NOT FULLY TIGHTEN THIS FIRST WALL ANCHOR; the pedestal will likely need levelling adjustment.
- 6.) Make sure the pedestal and wing extensions are level and plumb against the wall, then mark and drill holes for the remaining wall anchors as specified by the template and Rough-in Detail Drawing.
- 7.) Ensure that the pedestal is level, then secure it to the wall using the remaining anchors. Tighten and secure all wall anchors against the pedestal backplate.

Note: Be sure backplate is level and plumb against the wall so that water in basin will drain correctly once assembly is completed.

## Step 2: Pedestal Preparation

## Parts supplied:

- Pedestal assembly
- 1/4-20 X 1/2" security screws
- 1/4-20 tinnerman nuts
- Remove the (2) 1/2" security screws and the (2) 1/4-20 tinnerman nuts (shipping hardware) from both sides of the center channel rail on the pedestal (see top right diagram). Set the (2) 1/2" screws aside.



2.) Install (6) 1/4-20 tinnerman nuts into the slots on the top flange of the back panel and wing extensions (see bottom right diagram).

Note: The tinnerman nuts should be approximately in the center of the slots.

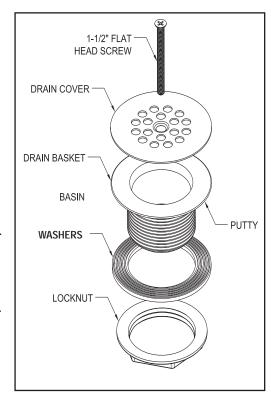
## Step 3: Drain Assemblies

## Parts/Materials supplied:

- Solid surface basin
- Drain assembly (see diagram)
- Plumbers putty (supplied by others)
- 1.) Unpack the solid surface basin and check its condition.
- 2.) As shown on the diagram, apply a small (approx. 1/4" dia. 6" long) strand of plumbers putty on the underside of the drain basket lip (putty supplied by others).
- 3.) Insert the drain basket down through the basin drain hole.
- 4.) Secure the drain basket in place by fitting the rubber and stainless steel washers onto the drain assembly from the underside of the basin. Tighten the locknut onto the drain basket assembly, sandwiching the washers between the basin and locknut.

Note: Over-tightening the locknut or security screw can damage the solid surface basin and/or drain assembly components.

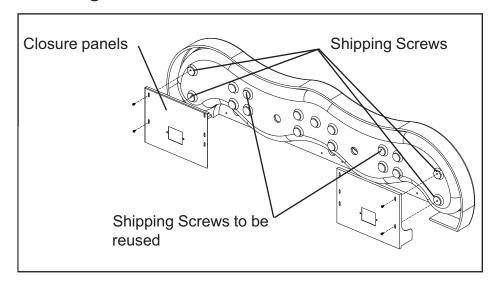
- 5.) Secure the drain cover to the drain basket using the provided flathead screw.
- 6.) Repeat steps 2-5 for the second drain assembly.



## Step 4: Closure Panel Mounting

## Parts supplied:

- Solid surface basin
- Closure panels
- (3) Mounting clips
- 1/4-20 X 1/2" shipping screws (security type)



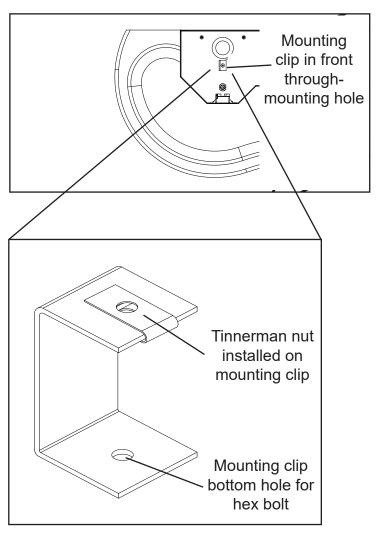
- 1.) Remove the (6) shipping screws from the bottom of the solid surface basin.
- 2.) Using (4) shipping screws, install the closure panels on the underside of the basin using two screws for each panel (*see diagram*). Set the other (2) screws aside.

Note: Over-tightening the assembly screws can damage the solid surface basin and/or pedestal assembly.

## Step 5: Actuator Head Assembly Mounting

### Parts supplied:

- Solid surface basin
- Actuator head assembly
- (3) Mounting clips
- 1/4-20 X 1" hex bolts
- 1/4-20 wing nuts
- Place the head assembly over the basin riser aligning the mounting holes in the assembly with the corresponding holes in the basin riser.
- 2.) Thread a bolt through the bottom hole on each mounting clip and insert the mounting clip/bolt down into the front throughmounting hole at each station (see diagram for position).
- 3.) Secure the clips/bolts with supplied wing nuts tightened from the underside of the basin. (This will secure the head assembly to the basin for mounting to the pedestal.)
- Install a tinnerman nut over the top slot on each secured mounting clip (see inset diagram).



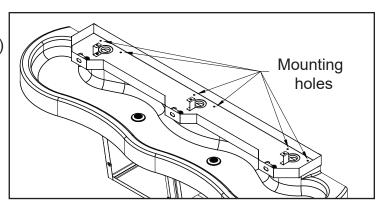
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## Step 6: Basin Mounting

## Parts supplied:

- Solid surface basin (with head assembly)
- 1/4-20 X 1/2" security screws
- 1/4-20 X 1 1/2" security screws
- 1/4-20 tinnerman nuts

Note: Over-tightening the assembly screws can damage the solid surface basin and/or pedestal assembly.



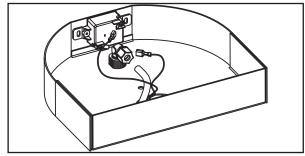
- 1.) With the help of an assistant, place the basin and attached head assembly on top of the pedestal, aligning the through-mounting holes in the head assembly/basin with the tinnerman nuts installed on the top flange and wing extensions in <a href="Step 2">Step 2</a>.
- 2.) Insert (4) 1 1/2" screws down through the mounting holes in the head assembly/basin and finger-tighten to the tinnerman nuts in the top flange and wing extensions.
- 3.) Align the holes in the center channel rail with the threaded brass inserts located on the underside of the basin and finger-tighten the (2) 1/2" shipping screws (set aside from <u>Step 2</u>) through the pedestal channels and into the inserts.
- 4.) Check that the back of the basin is level and plumb against the wall so that water in basin will drain correctly once assembly is completed. Once basin is positioned, fully tighten the (4) 1 1/2" screws to secure the basin to the pedestal top flange and wing extensions.
- 5.) Fully tighten the (2) 1/2" shipping screws to secure the front of the basin to the center channel rail, TAKING CARE NOT TO OVERTIGHTEN THE SCREWS.
- 6.) The lavatory is ready for plumbing and/or electrical installation:
  - a) If installing an Electronic or Infrared model, proceed to Step 7A;
  - b) If installing a Pneumatic model, proceed to <u>Step 7B</u>;
  - c) If installing a Deck Mounted Faucet (DMF) model, <u>install faucet at this time</u>; refer to faucet manufacturers instructions (faucet by others).

## Step 7A: Connections for Infrared/Piezo Actuators

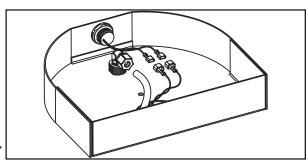
## Parts supplied:

- Valve Assembly (pre-installed)
- 3/8" x 4' Multi-Colored Water Lines
- Small Diameter Multi-Colored Pneumatic Tubing
- 1/4-20 x 1/2" security screws
- 1/4-20 tinnerman nuts

Note: Use wire tie mounts and wire ties to route and secure wiring. Wires are long enough to accommodate various routing paths. Longer tubes may need to be bundled with wire ties so they do not come in contact with sharp corners.



**Infrared Sensor Actuator** 



Piezo Push Button Actuator

- 1.) Locate the terminal block plate and attach to the pedestal using 1/4-20 x 1/2" security screws and tinnerman nuts.
- 2.) Locate the group of loose colored wires coming from the terminal block plate labeled "UPPER".
- 3.) Feed 2 like-colored wires into each of the actuator housing assemblies (either the Infrared or Piezo assemblies, whichever applies to the installation).
- 4.) Plug both like-colored wires into the actuator as shown above (either wire will work on each connector).
- 5.) Locate the 3/8" multi-colored water lines. Match the color of each water line with the corresponding color of wiring. Run the end of each water line up through the basin to the head kit. Match the color of each water line to the spray head assembly below each actuator. On each corresponding spray head, loosen the plastic nut on the plastic connector and firmly push the water line through the plastic nut into the fitting. Tighten the plastic nut to secure the water line to the spray head. Repeat for each remaining water line. (\*\*see JACO Fitting Instructions on Page 19 for further detail).
- 6.) Once all water lines have been attached to their corresponding spray heads, on each corresponding manifolded valve assembly, loosen the plastic nut on the plastic connector and firmly push the water line through the plastic nut into the fitting. Tighten plastic nut to secure the water line to the valve assembly. Repeat for each water line.
- 7.) Connect each set of like-colored wires to each of the manifolded valves.

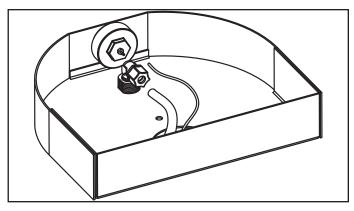
## Step 7B: Connections for Pneumatic Actuators

## Parts supplied:

- Valve Assembly (pre-installed)
- 3/8" x 4' Multi-Colored Water Lines
- Small Diameter Multi-Colored Pneumatic Tubing
- 1/4-20 x 1/2" security screws
- 1/4-20 tinnerman nuts

sharp corners.

Note: Use wire tie mounts and wire ties to route and secure tubing. Longer tubes may need to be bundled with wire ties so that do not come in contact with



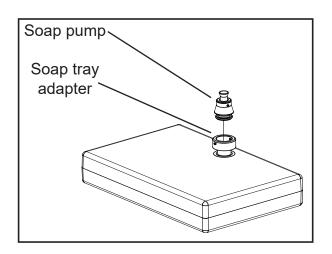
**Pneumatic Push Button** 

- 1.) Locate the small multi-colored pneumatic tubing. Feed each one into each of the actuator housing assemblies.
- 2.) Plug each tube onto the hose barb on the back of the push button.
- 3.) Locate the 3/8" multi-colored water lines. Match the color of each water line with the corresponding color of tubing. Run the end of each water line up through the basin to the head kit. Match the color of each water line to the spray head assembly below each push button actuator. On each corresponding spray head, loosen the plastic nut on the plastic connector and firmly push the water line through the plastic nut into the fitting. Tighten the plastic nut to secure the water line to the spray head. Repeat for each remaining water line. (\*\*see JACO Fitting Instructions on Page 19 for further detail).
- 4.) Once all water lines have been attached to their corresponding spray heads, on each corresponding manifolded valve assembly, loosen the plastic nut on the plastic connector and firmly push the water line through the plastic nut into the fitting. Tighten plastic nut to secure the water line to the valve assembly. Repeat for each water line.
- 5.) Connect each set of like-colored tubing to each of manifolded valves.

## Step 8: Final Assembly\*

## Parts supplied:

- Supplied flex hoses
- Liquid soap dispenser (LSD) (optional)
- Solid surface top cover
- Front panels
- 1/4-20 X 1/2" security screws
- 1/4-20 X 1 1/2" security screws
- 1/4-20 tinnerman nuts



## \*For details on Step 8 instructions, see WAW-2333 Assembly Drawing on Page 18

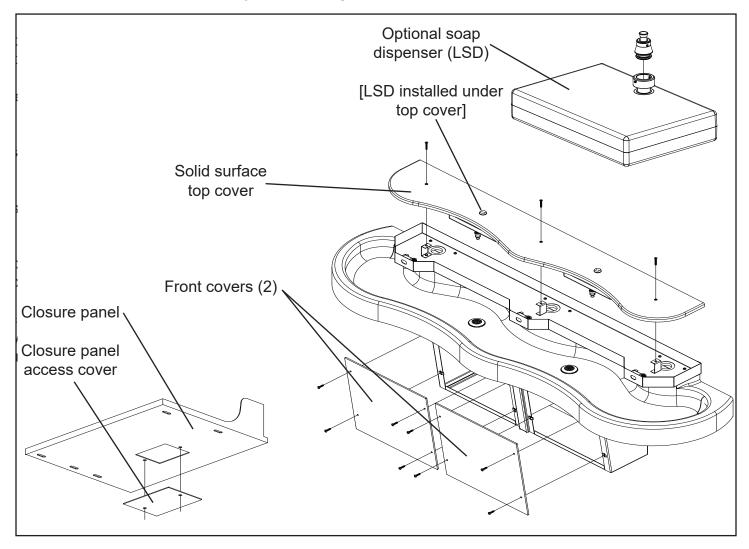
- 1.) Make all final plumbing connections to valve inlets using supplied flex hoses (flex hoses have shut-off valves attached that should be connected to the supply inlets).
- 2.) Once all of the connections in the actuator housings are complete, locate the transformer.

# NOTE: PLUG-IN TRANSFORMER (IF NEEDED) MUST BE USED WITH A GROUND FAULT INTERRUPT (GFCI) RECEPTACLE TO HELP PREVENT POSSIBLE ELECTRICAL SHOCK.

- 3.) Test the system for leaks (both supply and waste).
- 4.) If fixture has an optional soap dispenser (LSD), attach soap pump to the adapter on the underside of the soap tray (attached to the top cover). Tighten the two set screws on either side of adapter to secure the pump (pump will insert through the knockout in the bottom of the head assembly when the top cover is secured to the head assembly).
- 5.) Insert two 1/4-20 x 1 1/2" flat head security screws into the outer holes of the solid surface top cover. Position the top cover over the actuator head assembly.
- 6.) Thread 1/4-20 x 1 1/2" flat head security screws through the top cover and into the mounting clip tinnerman nuts. Secure top cover making sure not to overtighten the screws.
- 7.) Slide 1/4-20 tinnerman nuts over the remaining slots located on the front panel of the pedestal. Install the solid surface front access panels with 1/4-20 x 1" security screws, making sure not to overtighten the screws.

Willoughby Industries, Inc.

## \*WAW-2333 Assembly Drawing



## **JACO Fitting Instruction**

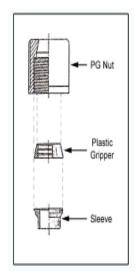


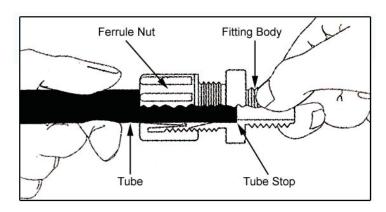
Note: It is not necessary to disassemble this fitting for application. Merely insert tubing to stop and tighten seal.

- 1. Cut tubing end squarely and remove the internal burrs.
- 2. Insert the tubing through the back of the nut all the way through the nut assembly to the tube stop in the fitting body (see illustration). If the tubing does not enter the nut easily, loosen the nut one turn and reinsert the tubing all the way to the tube stop in the fitting body.
- 3. Turn the nut hand tight.
- 4. Wrench tighten the nut  $1\frac{1}{2}$  2 turns.
- 5. All nuts must be retightened when the system reaches projected operating temperature.

Note: To ensure proper assembly, tubing MUST be fully inserted into the fitting body all the way to the tube stop.

Note: Squeaking sound when tightening nut is normal. For pipe threaded connections, Teflon tape must be used.





## **Adjustable Mixing Valve Installation**

IS-P-e480

HydroGuard® T/P Series e480 Lavatory Combination Valve

#### **Installation Instructions**

#### To Install ■

**NOTE:** Installation should be in accordance with accepted plumbing practices. Flush all piping thoroughly before installation.

- Locate a suitable place for the tempering valve. Valve should be accessible for service and adjustment and as close to the point-of-use as possible.
- Connect hot and cold water to the supply valve using 1/2" NPT or 3/8" compression connections.
- Connect outlet of tempering valve to fixture(s) using 1/2"NPT or 3/8" compression connections.
- Turn on hot and cold water supplies. If any leaks are observed, tighten connections as necessary to stop leaks before proceeding.
- 5. Turn on fixture and allow water to flow for 2 minutes. Measure water temperature at outlet. If water is not at desired temperature, adjust as necessary.

#### Specifications ■

	1/2" NPT (Rough Bronze)
e480-01	
e480-103	3/8"Compression (Rough Bronze)
e480-113/	'8"Compression (Rough Chrome)
Capacity:	4.0 gpm (15.0 l/m)
Approach Temperature:	5°F (2.8°C) above set pt.
Max. Operating Pressure:	125psi (862 kpa)
Max. Static Pressure:	125psi (862 kpa)
Max. Hot Water Temperature:	180°F (82°C)
Temp. Adjustment Range:	
	E Type T/P: 95 – 110°F (43-48°C)
AS	SSE Type T: 80 – 120°F (27-49°C)
Minimum Flow:	0.5 gpm (2.2 l/m)
Checks:	Integral
Construction:	Cast Brass Body
Certified:	CSA B125
Listing	ASSE 1016-1996 (Type T/P)
	ASSF 1070

#### **CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING**

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. (California law requires this warning to be given to customers in the State of California.)

For more information: www.watts.com/prop65

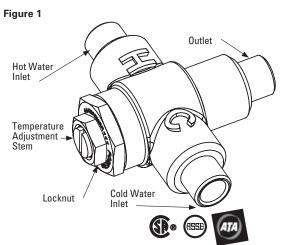
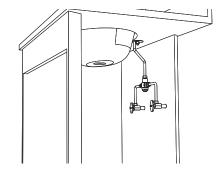


Figure 2: Typical Installation

Advanced Thermal Activation



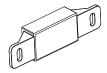
#### To Adjust Temperature ■

- 1. Loosen locknut.
- Turn on fixture and run water for at least two (2) minutes to allow supply temperature to stabilize.
- 3. Turn temperature stem counter-clockwise for hotter or clockwise for colder outlet temperature.
- 4. Tighten locknut to prevent accidental or unauthorized temperature adjustment.
- 5. Re-check outlet temperature.

#### Repair Kit ■

Motor Repair Kit......480-270

# Infrared Sensor Installation Instructions



### Willoughby Industries

Infrared Lavatory Sensor Installation Instructions

#### **DETECTION AND ACTIVATION**

When the sensor detects a user, a slow flashing red light appears in the sensor window. After 1 to 2 seconds of detection, the light flashes rapidly and the sensor immediately activates the solenoid valve to begin water flow. The solenoid valve remains open as long as the user is detected. The solenoid valve turns off when the user is no longer detected. The sensor is set to activate the solenoid for a maximum of 30 seconds before automatically shutting off.

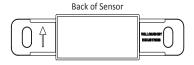


Figure 1

#### INSTALLATION AND REPLACEMENT

- 1. Disconnect 24Vac power at the transformer or fuse box.
- 2. Remove top cover to expose sensors.
- 3. Install new sensor. Make sure sensor arrow is pointing up. See figure 1.
- 4. Connect the red male power cable to the red female connector on the sensor. See figure 2.
- 5. Connect the black female solenoid cable to the black male connector on the sensor. See figure 2.
- 6. Replace top cover removed in step 2.
- 7. Reconnect power.

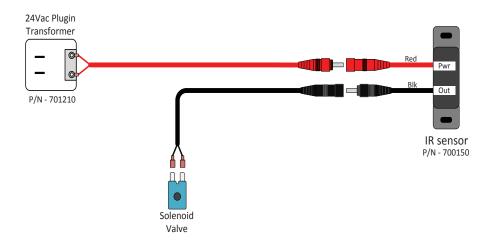
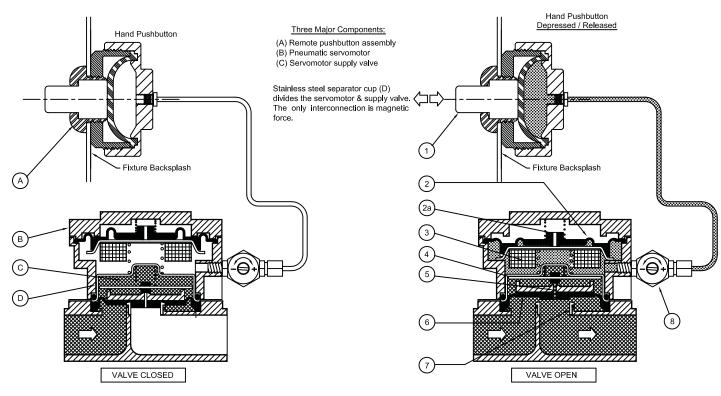


Figure 2

# **Pneumatic Valve Operation Details**



<u>Valve Closes:</u> Air bleeds in through the timer (8) into the chamber below the actuating diaphragm (2). When the pressure in this chamber returns to normal, the diaphragm (2), and the magnet (3), are forced up. The pilot orifice plate (4) drops, covering the pilot orifice (5). Water pressure increases above the seat diaphragm (6), closing the diaphragm (6), against the seat (7).

Valve Opens: Drepressing the button (1), forces air through the actuating diaphragm check valve (2a), and to atmosphere. Releasing the button (1), creates a vacuum below actuating diaphragm (2), and magnet (3). Diaphragm (2), and magnet (3), are forced down. Pilot orifice plate (4) is pulled up by magnet (3), opening the pilot orifice (5), , bleeding off line pressure from above the seat diaphragm (6). Water pressure then lifts the seat diaphragm (6), off the seat (7), and opens the valve.

# Liquid Soap Specification and Maintenance

(For models with "LSD" option only)

Liquid soap viscosity is measured in "cps" (centipoise). The liquid soap chosen to be used with Willoughby's Liquid Soap Dispenser should be between 100cp and 2500cp.

The viscosity of the soap should be thin and free flowing.

Some soap types are available in a concentrate and must be diluted with water.

#### The pH (acidity) level should be in the range of 6.5 to 8.5.

Soap which is too acidic (pH less than 6.5) can corrode stainless steel and degrade rubber, plastic, or chrome-plated materials.

Soap that is outside the range of 6.5 - 8.5 might be harsh on the hands or skin.

(Generally, any quality soap meeting the viscosity and pH guidelines should work well.)

## **Recommended Maintenance Schedule**

To maintain proper function, Willoughby's Liquid Soap Dispenser should be cleaned periodically to remove soap residue. The Liquid Soap Spout should be soaked in hot water for a period of 30 minutes when cleaning is being performed. The soap tray should also be cleaned with hot water.

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Rev. 6/2017

## **Care and Maintenance**

#### **Solid Surface Care**

Surfaces may be easily cleaned using conventional cleaning agents such as an ammonia based liquid cleaner, (glass cleaner).

Dry stains on a matte finish can be removed with a 3M Scotch-Brite gray scouring pad or a mild abrasive cleaner.

Burns or scorches can be removed by sanding with coarse grit sandpaper followed by finer grit (220) sandpaper. Follow sanding with a 3M Scotch-Brite gray pad (or equivalent) to match finish of sanding area to surrounding area. A final buffing may be required on polished surfaces. Accidental nicks or chips can be repaired with special patch kits available in all colors.

Avoid exposing surfaces to strong chemicals such as acetone's; paint removers and sulfuric acid or hydrochloric chemical cleaners. Exposure to strong chemicals may result in permanent damage to surfaces.

#### Stainless Steel Care

Stainless Steels are basically alloys of iron and chromium and are corrosion resistant. Stainless steel has a bright surface that is easy to clean and is free from oxides. Therefore, cleaning of stainless steel is relatively simple and easy if done on a regular basis.

Frequency of cleaning should depend on the rate at which the fixture becomes dirty. Remember that fresh (soft) deposits of all kinds are relatively easy to remove, while removing older (hard) deposits are much more difficult. Establish a cleaning SCHEDULE.

Routine cleaning should involve ordinary soap or detergent and water, applied with a sponge, brush or cloth. Baking soda, borax or any of several non-abrasive commercial cleansing agents can help hasten the cleaning action. after scrubbing, rinse THOROUGHLY and wipe dry.

DO NOT use common steel wool, scouring pads, scrapers, wire brushes, files or other steel tools to clean stainless steel. Such items will scratch the surface or leave small particles of iron imbedded in the surface, which will eventually rust and stain the surface - even appearing as if the stainless itself was rusting.

Certain chemical compounds, if used on stainless steel, can give the appearance of rust and if allowed to stand for long periods of time, can pit the surface of stainless steel. Products containing hydrochloric acid, muriatic acid or potassium hydrochloride can ruin the surface.

## <u>Troubleshooting - Infrared Sensors</u>

- I. Faucet does not function (red light does not appear when user steps in front of sensor)
  - A. No power to sensor. Make certain that power is on. Check transformer leads and connections. Repair or replace as necessary.
  - B. Willoughby 700150 IR Sensor not operating. Replace Willoughby 700150 IR Sensor.
- II. Faucet does not function (red light appears when user steps in front of sensor and solenoid does not click)
  - A. Debris in solenoid; disassemble, clean, and flush.
  - B. Solenoid not wired correctly; check solenoid connections.
  - C. Solenoid problem; replace solenoid.
- III. No water when activated (valve clicks)
  - A. Make certain that water is turned on.
  - B. Valve clogged. Clean or replace filter.
- IV. Very low flow or slow dribble
  - A. Check supply stop(s); open if closed.
  - B. Debris in filter; remove, clean, and reinstall.
  - C. Debris in aerator or spray head; remove, clean and reinstall.
  - D. Disassemble solenoid; clean and flush.
- V. Continues to run (with power on and red light flashing)
  - A. Non-permanent target in range after user leaves. Remove non-permanent target. If this target is a new permanent target (i.e., a new wall or partition), turn off 24 volt power for fifteen (15) seconds. Turn power back on and let the sensor complete start-up mode.
  - B. Sensor failure; replace sensor.
- VI. Continues to run (even with power disconnected)
  - A. Solenoid valve installed backwards.
  - B. Debris in solenoid, won't close properly; remove operator and clean. Reassemble in the same manner.

Willoughby Industries, Inc.

Rev. 6/2017

## <u>Troubleshooting - Electronic Valves</u>

The two most common reasons an electronic valve does not operate properly are: (1) lack of power or (2) lack of water pressure. The following steps should be used as a guide in identifying the problem of a malfunctioning electronic valve.

- I. Lack of power
  - A. Verify that the 110V GFCI outlet has power
  - B. Check all connections to ensure they have been made correctly:
    - 1. Cable connecting the valve coil and the timer or IR sensor
    - 2. Cable connecting the timer and the pushbutton (Piezo only)
    - 3. Cable connecting the timing device and the 24VAC transformer
    - 4. The 24VAC transformer and the 110V GFCI outlet
  - C. If the valve is wired correctly, the solenoid will make a "click" sound indicating that the valve has been actuated. The electronic valve is actuated by either the piezo pushbutton or the triggering of the infrared sensor (see the Start-Up Instructions for Infrared Sensors in this manual).
- II. Lack of water pressure
  - A. Check the supply to the rough-ins
  - B. Make sure the screwdriver stops are in the open position
  - C. Water pressure needs to be above 20psi to operate the valve
    - 1. If the water supply pressure is above 20psi but not exiting the valve:
      - a. Clean any debris from the screen on the inlet side of the solenoid valve body
      - b. Remove the screws on the valve body and clean any debris from the diaphragm

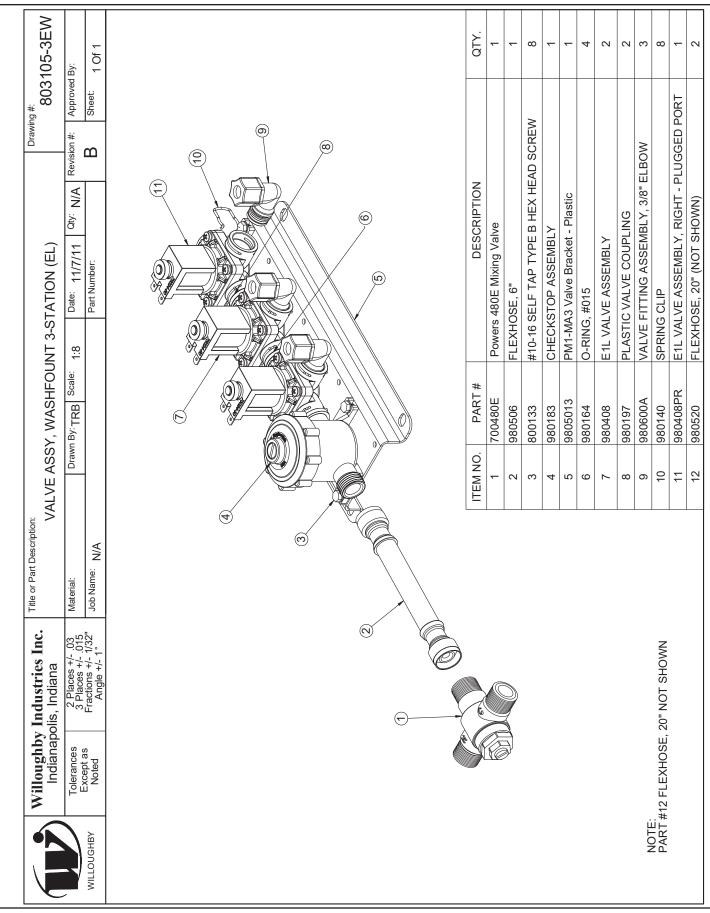
After all of the above steps have been followed, if there is still no water coming out of the spray head, there may be a damaged or defective part (see installation notice in the front of this manual).

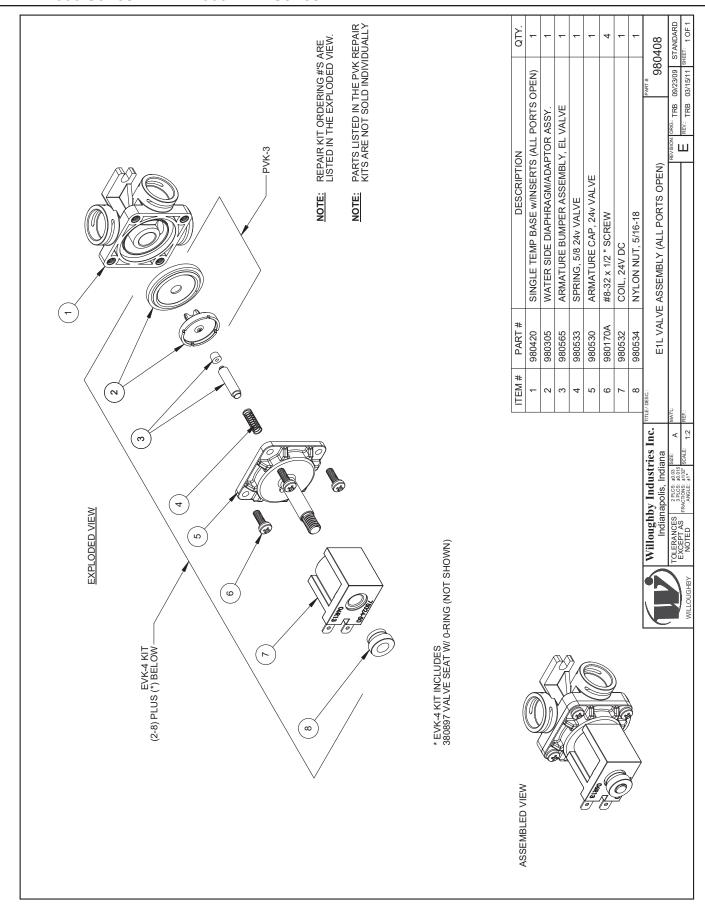
# **Troubleshooting - Pneumatic Valves**

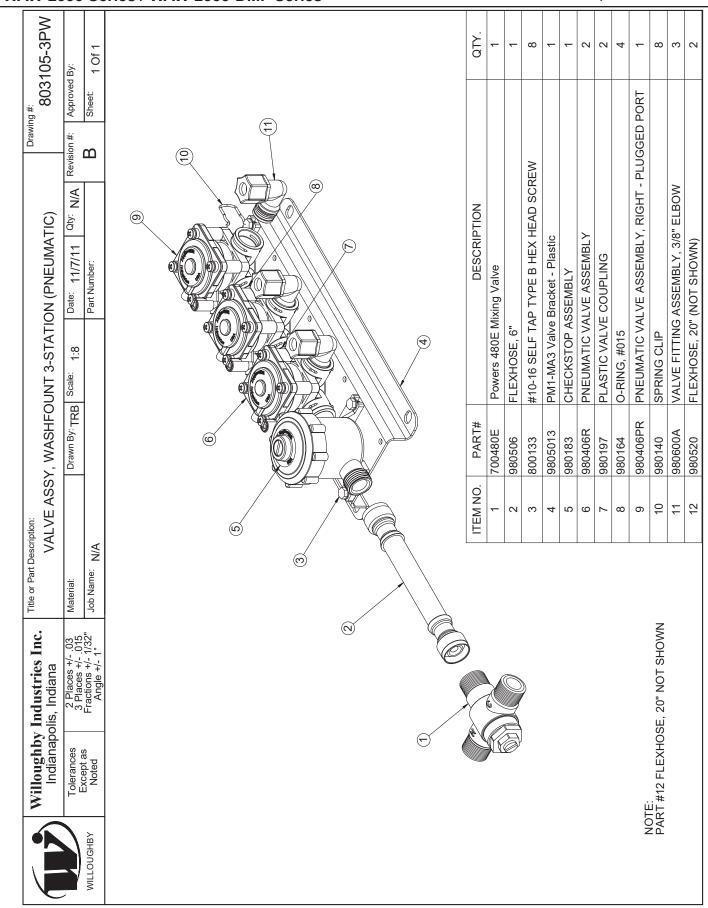
- I. Valve will not open or deliver water
  - A. Check the plastic tubing that runs from the pushbutton actuator to the pneumatic valve for air leaks.
  - B. Make sure the checkstop on the supply to the valve is fully open. Do not partially close the checkstop for any reason as it is not a throttling valve. The checkstop should be fully open (normal operation) or fully closed (when servicing the valve).
  - C. Close checkstop and then inspect the strainer in the supply line (installed after the checkstop) to make sure the strainer is not blocked or partially blocked, prohibiting water flow.
- II. Valve will not shut off
  - A. Separate valve motor from casting by removing the four (4) #8 screws.
  - B. Inspect the water diaphragm assembly to see if bypass hole in diaphragm is blocked. Remove any debris by blowing on diaphragm or using force of air. Do not use any tool (such as straight pin) to remove any debris. Enlarging the hole will shorten or make for erratic cycling.
  - C. Check the metering screw on the timer assembly to make sure the adjustment screw is not closed too tightly. To reset, back out adjustment screw (counterclockwise) about 1-1/2" turns, and adjust for the desired cycle.
- III. Valve continues to trickle or partially deliver water after cycle is over
  - A. Inspect seating area on valve base to make sure no debris, pitting, or scoring is present.
  - B. Clean seat or replace seat as necessary.
  - C. Inspect seating area of diaphragm for debris, clean as necessary. If debris has caused permanent indentations in the rubber, it may have to be replaced.

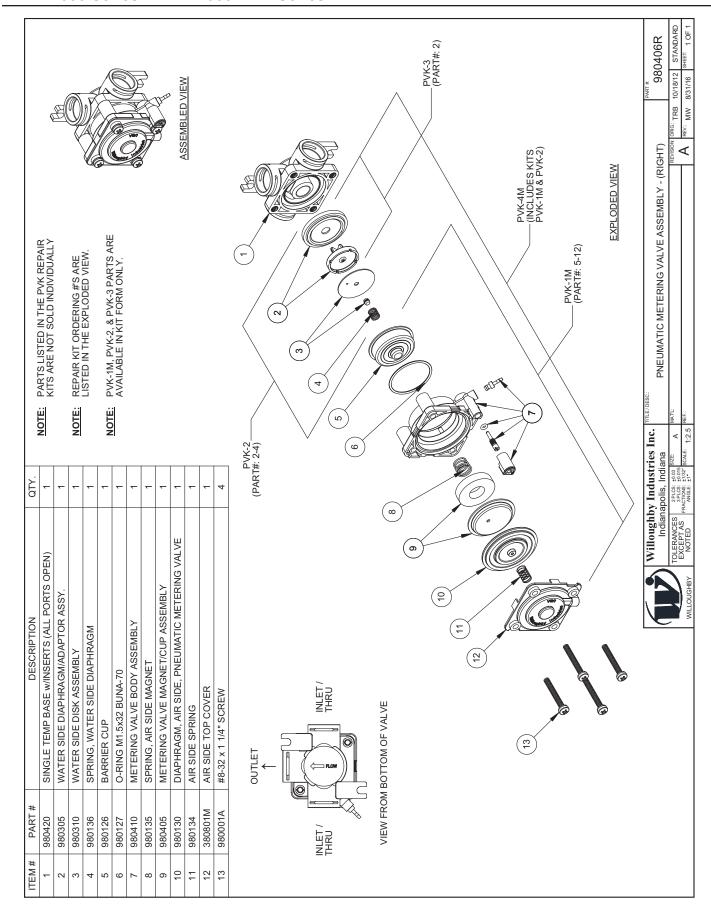
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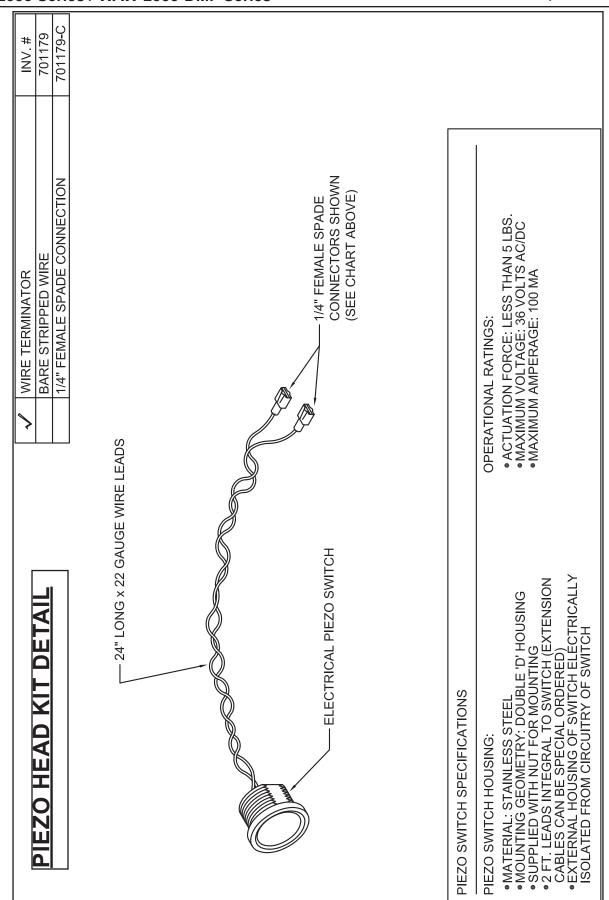
Rev. 6/2017

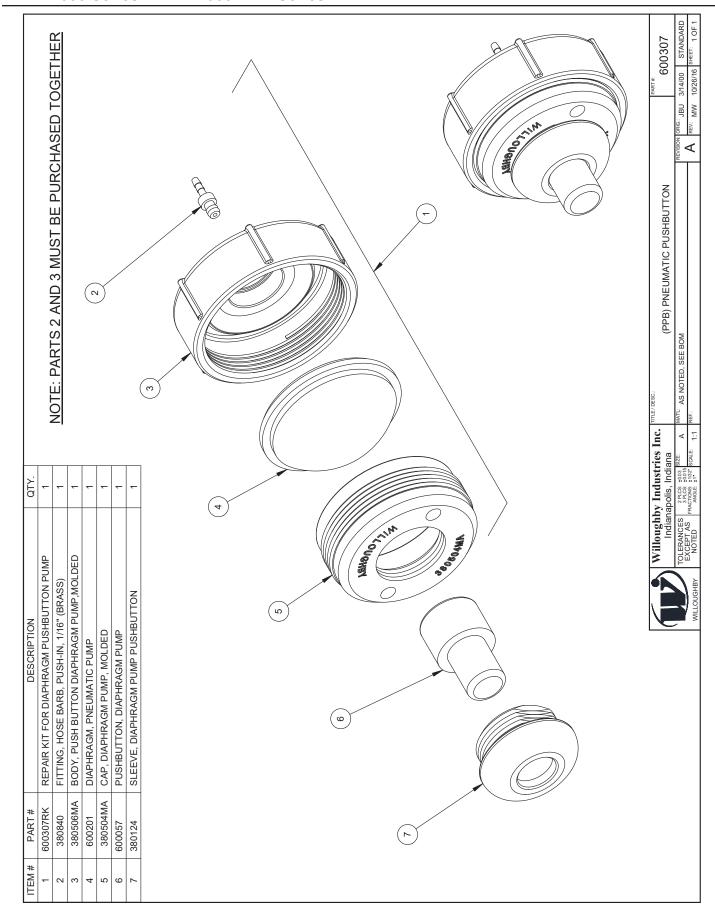






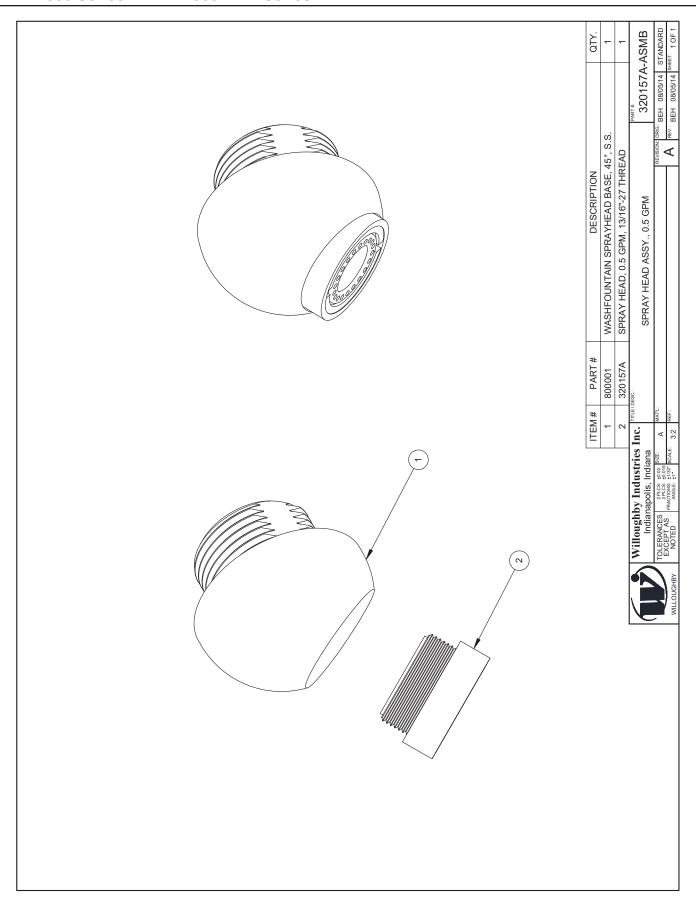


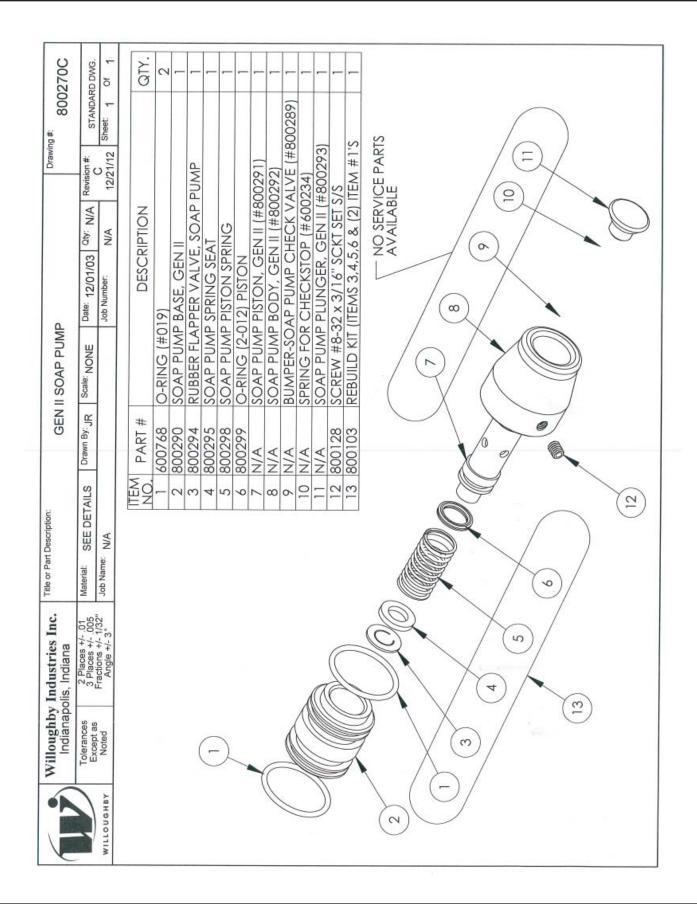




Willoughby Industries, Inc.

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# **Warranty**

Solid surface products are a homogenous blend of resins, mineral filler and colorant manufactured for panels, molded and/or shaped products and components. Solid surface products provide a luxurious appearance with the durability of stain proof, impact resistant, burn resistant material with the ease of maintenance and cleaning.

Willoughby Industries, Inc. warrants to commercial and institutional purchasers only that each unit will be free from defects in workmanship and materials under normal use and service upon the following terms and conditions. The period during which components are warranted is as follows:

- 1. Solid surface components are warranted for 2 years from date of shipment.
- 2. All other components warranted for 1 year from date of shipment.

This warranty does not cover installation or any other labor charges and does not apply to any components damaged by accident, abuse, improper installation or improper maintenance. This warranty does not cover any installation that did not comply with national, state and local building, plumbing or electrical codes. The warranty is limited to replacing or repairing at manufacturer's option, transportation charges prepaid by the purchaser, any component or part which upon our inspection shall be deemed as defective within the limitations of this warranty. The replacement or repair of defective units as stated in this warranty shall constitute the sole remedy of the purchaser and the sole liability of Willoughby Industries, Inc. Willoughby Industries, Inc. shall not otherwise be liable under any indirect damages caused by defects in the repair or replacement thereof.

This warranty only extends to commercial and industrial purchasers and does not extend to any others, including consumer customers of commercial institutional purchasers. This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied, including implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise.